Recorder's Office

THE DUTCH FLAT ENQUIRER.

VOL. IV. DUTCH FLAT, PLACER CO., CAL., THURSDAY, MARCH 31, 1864. NO. 45.

I AM HERE!

PHILIP, DUKE OF NEVERS, AND THE LITTLE PARISIAN.

PART THIRD.

CHAPTER III.—THE LITTLE GIPSY.

'I often weep, dear mother, since I am grown up; but, like a child, I smile away my tears. We were forced to quit Pampeluna when we became better off, and Henri saved a little.

I was about ten, then.

'One evening, he came home sad, and I told him that a man had been watching our house. Henri could not eat. He put this arms in order, and dressed himself for a journey. He put on me a cloth jacket, and laced my boots. He took his sword and went out; how agitated he looked!

'I trembled.

'When he came, he said:

''We are going away, Aurora.'

''For long?' I asked.

''For ever!' he answered.

''What, shall we leave our nice little home?'

''Yes; a poor man at the corner of the street will be our heir; he is as happy as a prince.'

'We left.

'I must tell you, as we descended the steps of our house, I saw a dark object in the deserted street, covered with the cloak; I ran to it before Henri could stop me.

'It was the man who had been watching our house all day. He was dead, and bathed in his blood.

'I fell down insensible.

'There had been a fight close to our home.

'Henri had again risked his life for me.

'When I recovered my senses, it was night; I was in a still poorer room than the one we had left. I was lying on a bed with ragged hangings. The moonlight shone brightly in at the unglazed windows. I heard whisperings beneath.

'I called Henri. He came to my bedside, and made a sign to me to be quiet. He whispered to me:

''They have discovered our retreat; they are below.'

''Who?'

''The companions of the man under the cloak.'

'I trembled violently.

'Henri pressed my arm.

''They came to the door,' he said, in a whisper; 'but I put my arm into the rings instead of a bar; they are gone down to seek a crowbar to force it open, and will be back directly.'

''Oh, Henri! what do they want?'

''They are wolves, who want the prey that I have snatched from them.'

'Ah! I felt that I was the cause of all, but for me he might have been happy, safe.

''Father,' I cried, 'leave me here, and save yourself!'

''Silly child!' answered Henri; if I die, I shall be forced to leave you; but they have not got me yet. Get up.'

'I heard afterwards that he had carried me in his arms from Pampeluna, and came to this place to ask an asylum.

'Henri was about to lie down and rest, when he heard the trampling of horses approaching; he guessed at once what they came for. He got up and gently descended the stairs.

'He heard our host say:

''I am a gentleman, and will not give up my guests.'

'Then some gold was thrown on the table and he said no more.

'A voice which Henri recognized, said:

''To work, then, at once!'

'My friend rushed back and closed the door.

'He guessed that from the window was the only means of escape.

'There was a cork-tree nailed against the wall underneath, and a garden bordered by a hedge; beyond that there was a meadow, and beyond flowed the river Arza.

''You are very pale, dear,' said Henri, when I had risen; 'but you have courage enough to help me.'

''Oh, yes!' I cried, delighted at the thought of helping him.

''Could you get down by that staircase?' he said, leading me to the window.

''Oh, yes, if you come too.'

''I promise to join you, darling, very soon or never!' he answered. 'When you are down, you must thrown a stone up, and glide by the hedge to the river.

He raised me on the window-sill, then rushed to the door. The men had already come back.

''Make haste!' he cried, impatiently.

'I descended, and then threw a stone in at the window.

'I heard a crash, and the report of firearms, and I could not stir.

'In a moment Henri was on the window sill, and in the next instant he jumped out. He snatched me in his arms, and fled.

''Are you wounded?' I cried.

'He leapt the hedge, and plunged into the river, which is both deep and rapid there.

'With one hand he held me above his head, and swam across.

'Our enemies consulted on the other side.

''They are gone for the watch,' whispered Henri. 'We are not safe.'

'He warmed me against his bosom; for I was wet through, and my teeth chattered.

'We soon heard their horses gallop off. They thought we could not escape them long.

Henri then recrossed the water, and came back again to the same place.

''Now,' he said, dry your clothes, dear Aurora, while I dress my wound.'

''I knew you were wounded!' I cried.

''Only a scratch. Come!'

'We re-entered the house of the farmer who had betrayed us, who, with his wife, was sitting over a large fire, talking and laughing.

'To throw them both on the ground and gag them, was for Henri the work of a few moments.

'Time was,' he said, 'when I should have set fire to your house; but here is the angel that saves you.'

'His wound was on the shoulder, and bled profusely. I made some lint and bandaged it.

'While my clothes dried, I was wrapped in his cloak.

'At about three o'clock in the morning, we left the house, with our little baggage on an old mule that Henri found in the stable, and for which he threw down two gold pieces.

''If they come back,' he said to the old host and hostess, 'tell them that Heaven protects the orphan, and that Lagardere has no time now to waste on them; but their day will come.'

'The old mule was stronger than it looked. By daybreak we reached Estella; we then went on in a cart to Burgos, thence to Madrid—a long and toilsome journey.

'One adventure alone I will relate to you.

'We were both mounted on the same mule, and, as the sun was setting, had just entered the forest of Salamanca. We met few people on the road; but here, dear mother, we first met my little Flora—my first, my only friend. We have been separated so many years, yet I am sure she remembers me.

'Once since we have been in Paris, I thought I heard her voice calling me. I was singing in the lower room, and rushed to the window; but I could only see a grand carriage, with the blinds down. But often since I have looked out of the window, hoping to see her light figure and bright eyes.

'I must be mad!

'How should Flora be in Paris?

'Our road led by a precipice, and by the side lay a little girl asleep. I begged Henri to stop the mule; I got down, and knelt by her side. She was such a pretty little gipsy about my own age. If Flora is alive, what a beautiful girl she must be!

'I kissed her: she awoke, smiling, and kissed me in return.

'But Henri frightened her.

''Do not fear,' I said, 'he is so kind. What is your name?'

''Flora,' she answered; 'and yours?'

''Aurora.'

''Our old poet talks of Aurora's tears shining like pearls; but I dare say you never cry. I cry very often. Oh, how hungry I am!'

'Henri gave her some bread and a little wine.

'She kissed his hand.

''Thanks, dear sir,' she said; 'you look as kind as you are handsome. Do not leave me all night on the road.'

'Henri hesitated.

''Gipsies are such subtle knaves. Leaving the child on the road might only be a decoy,' he muttered, thoughtfully.

'But I prayed him so earnestly, that at last he consented to take the child with us.

'On the way, Flora told us her history.

'She belonged to a gang of gipsies that came from Leon, and were on their road to Madrid. That morning—for what reason I know not—the party had been pursued by the Holy Brotherhood.

'Flora had hid herself among the bushes when her companions fled. She wanted to rejoin them, but sought for them in vain. She walked, she ran, but she could not find them.

'Gipsies, after a journey, usually make a halt near a town. Flora knew where to find her friends, but so far, so very far off.

'I persuaded Henri to take her to the place; it was not far out of our road.

'Flora shared our meals, and my bed. The poor mule had to carry her, too. How gay we were! She was almost as young as I was, but more clever. She could dance and sing, and told us all her companions' tricks.

'We asked her what God the gipsies prayed to: she said a pitcher. She told us that in Leon a good friar had told her about the Christian's God, and she wished to be christened.

'She was eight days with us; and when we approached Mount Baldoron, where we were to leave Flora, I became sad. We had got used to each other, and chatted away so gaily. She loved me, and I felt toward her like a sister.

'The weather was sultry, the sky was overcast, as if a storm was pending. Large drops of rain began to fall; Henri wrapped us both in his cloak.

'Flora had promised us the most cordial hospitality from her tribe. The road was very rough, and led up the side of the mountain. There was a broad red glare toward the west.

'Flora was our guide.

''How odd the light is!' I cried. 'I could fancy I saw two men there, on the edge of that rock.'

''Not two, but ten at least,' answered Flora; 'and they are armed.

''They are not, then, your brothers?'

''Oh, no!'

''How long have they been watching us?'

''Since yesterday morning,' answered Flora.—'I thought at first that they were travelers. It is only since we have been climbing the mountain that I suspected them; but I did not mention it, because they are before us now, and have taken a road where we are sure not to meet them.'

'This was true. As we ascended higher, the rocks as far as the eye could reach were deserted, and no sound was heard but the moaning of the wind among the trees.

CHAPTER IV.—TREACHERY.

'Night closed in; the rain had ceased, heavy clouds swept over the sky. Still from time to time the moon shed its silver light down on the defile which we had now entered, and the masses of rock on each side of us were here and there cut out sharply against the heavens.

'At the end of the defile we came upon a deep valley, at the opposite end of which was a road cut through the rocks, like the one we had passed; and at its entrance was a group of gipsies, seated round a large fire, the vigorous figures and sharp, peculiar features being clearly defined against the bright red blaze.

'They seemed to know of our approach by instinct. They did not cease drinking, laughing, and talking, but two of their party came toward us with torches.

'Flora uttered a peculiar cry; they stopped, and at a second cry returned, and took their places again around the blaze.

'We were still at a distance from the fire, when I thought I perceived some dark figures behind the gipsies, which, as we approached, disappeared.

'Would to Heaven I had spoken!

'We were in the middle of the valley, when a great fellow with a bronze face arose, and uttered some words of welcome in an unknown tongue.

'Flora answered in the same language. He then said to us, in Spanish:

''Welcome! We give you bread and salt, for our sister brings you.'

'Gipsies—even the most depraved—respect inviolably the laws of hospitality. Once promised bread and salt, we believed we had nothing to fear. We approached without distrust, and were well received. Flora kissed the knees of the chief, who put his hands solemnly on her head, and then very ceremoniously presented Henri with some wine in a carved wooden bowl.

'Henri drank. We all closed round the fire and a young girl came and danced in our midst.

'In ten minutes, Henri cried out in a stifled voice:

''Knaves! what have you put into the wine?'

'He tried to rise, but his legs gave way beneath him, and he fell heavily to the ground.

'My heart stopped beating. The gipsies laughed silently round the fire. Behind them I saw arise four or five dark figures, with black cloaks and hats slouched over their faces. One of these men threw a heavy purse into the circle, and said:

''Make an end of it, and you shall have double.'

'The chief of the gipsies answered:

''We must have time and distance. Within twelve hours and twelve miles we must not break the bond of hospitality.'

''Absurd fooleries!' said the man. 'Do the deed yourselves, or let us;' and he approached Henri, lying insensible on the ground.

'The gipsy stopped him.

''Until twelve hours are over and twelve miles traveled, we will defend our guest even against the king,' he said in a determined voice.

'All the gipsies at once surrounded Henri.—Flora whispered in my ear.

''I will save you both at the risk of my life,' she said.

'They put me on a bed of moss in the chief's tent, under the charge of an old woman.

'I could not close my eyes. Soon every sound was hushed, except the heavy tread of the sentinel. In a little time that ceased, and I fancied I could hear a slight rustle near me, and Flora's bright face peeped from under the canvas; she drew it aside, and crept in.

'The noise she made nearly awoke the old woman. Flora approached her, and made several passes before her face, until she again slept soundly.

'Flora made signs to me to rise and follow her. I did so, and noiselessly we both left the tent.—Flora had a lamp in her hand, which she covered with her skirt.

''I know where they have placed him,' she said. 'Come with me.'

'At a little distance was a group of men sleeping round the embers of the fire; farther off, Flora pointed to another tent.

''There sleeps the Christian,' she said.

'We went toward the north; Flora unfastened three ponies, which were tied to some trees. We took those ponies, and entered the defile.

'At a little distance we came to a cave, at the door of which was a large stone. With great efforts we moved it sufficiently to allow us to slip in, and by the light of Flora's lamp we saw Henri in a dead sleep, lying propped up against a skeleton.

''The gipsies put him here,' cried Flora, 'because they knew the Christians would be afraid to come, on account of the dead man.'

'I rushed to Henri, and put my arms round his neck, crying:

''Awake! awake!'

'Flora put her lamp on the ground, and took from under her petticoat a small dagger, which she held in the flames.

''Take off his sandals! Quick, quick!' she cried.

'I obeyed her as well as I was able; she touched with the red-hot dagger the palms of his hands and the soles of his feet, uttering a low song as she did so. Gradually Henri opened his eyes and extended his limbs; my lips were upon his forehead, when he awoke and smiled.

''Make haste!' cried Flora.

'Henri was already up, when he saw the skeleton against which they had placed him, he coldly said:

''Oh! that is the company I have been in? In a month we should have been a pair.'

'In all haste we mounted our ponies, and guided by Flora, took our way through the defile. By sunrise we were approaching the Escurial; by the evening we had reached Madrid.

'How happy I was, for it was arranged that Flora should stay with us. She wished to be instructed in the Christian religion, and was baptized in the convent of the Incarnation, by the name of Maria Della Santa Cruz, and we were confirmed together.

'Things went on very well for a time; but the nuns who had stood sponsors to my poor Flora were not satisfied with her. She tried to be good in her way; but they wished for another kind of goodness.

'One fine morning we saw her with her gipsy dress on. Henri smiled, and said:

''Pretty bird, do you wish to take flight?'

'I cried—dearest mother, I loved her so much! She cried, too, when she kissed me; but her old habits were too strong. She left us, promising to come back; but that same evening I saw her singing and dancing on the Plaza Santa, among a crowd of people who were applauding her.

'We lived in a quiet little street, at the back of which were vast and beautiful gardens. We were no longer poor. Henri took his place at once among the best carvers at Madrid, although his fame was not then what it has become since. It was a time of peaceful happiness. Flora came often to see me, but when I entreated her to come back to live with us once more, she smiled and shook her head. Henri once said to me:

''Aurora, she is not a proper friend for you.'

'I know not why, but Flora came less often after that. After a time, the greatest grief that I had ever experienced came. Henri was obliged to leave me. I knew he was going into Germany and Italy, but a could learn no more.

'One morning when I entered his room to put it in order, I saw his desk open, which he always kept locked. On it was a packet of papers, sealed with two seals, on which were the motto I had heard from his mouth when he fought for me at Venasque—'I am here!'

'It was the same paper to secure which we had recrossed the Arza and returned to the house near Pampeluna.

'There was a list of names lying by the packet—I read it. Forgive me, mother; I so longed to know why Henri quitted me. There were seven names, with Naples, Turin, Nuremberg, Glasgow, and Paris marked against them. Then two numbers were added without names.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

CURE FOR HYDROPHOBIA.

The *Leeds Mercury* publishes a communication from Mr. James Garth Marshall, drawing attention to a certain cure, or rather a preventive, of hydrophobia. Mr. Marshall having seen in print a French method of the treatment for the disease, wrote to his family physician in London—one of the most eminent members of the faculty—to inquire whether it was to be relied upon; and he received a reply, the main portion of which we subjoin:

"About twenty-five years ago, more or less, I was sent to see the present Lord L——, then a fine healthy lad, who it was said, had been licked not only over the lips, but within the mouth, by a little terrier, which was found sitting on the sleeping lad's chest, and dipping his tongue into his master's open mouth. The demeanor of the dog alarmed the late Lord L——, and I was called in to ascertain the fact of the dog being or not being mad.—Now, on this point I did not consider myself any authority, and so sent for Sir Benjamin Brodie, who, though agreeing with me as to the probable madness of the dog, nevertheless desired that the late Mr. Youatt, the veterinary surgeon, and a most remarkable man, should be appealed to. He at once pronounced the dog as laboring under hydrophobia, and, turning to me, added, 'If you will come to me in five days, at our dog hospital, you can dissect the animal.' I did so, and found the dog dead, and Youatt busy in opening the carcass. I naturally was shy in touching the animal, and asked if he were not afraid. 'No,' he answered, 'I have been repeatedly bitten by my most undoubted patients—(there were several in cribs then, which I saw alive)—and I never have any fear.' I asked how often he had been bitten; he, I think, owned to at least eight, and I believe ten, undoubted introductions of the virus; and he it remembered, that the attack or bites were all on the hands of these men, so could not be wiped off by any intervening garment. Youatt then told me that his remedy was to allow the common nitrate of silver, easily procurable, to filter into the wound; it decomposes the saliva, and in doing this destroys the virus. Whenever I am bitten, I have a remedy sure and at hand, and no fears of the disease supervening. The actual cautery, the caustic potass, and excision, and are in my opinion unsafe and liable to fail. The nitrate of silver chases the poison into the very capillaries and neutralizes it. Since I have known this I always use it to any bite of a dog, sound or not, and am at rest. The above was stated in some blue book about thirty years ago, by Youatt. Brodie and I acted on it, and made young Lord L——'s lips, palate, and throat as black as that of his thoroughbred mad terrier; and he, if you ever see him, will tell you this tale. The poison of hydrophobia remains latent on an average of six weeks; the part heals over, but there is a pimple or wound, more or less irritable; it then becomes painful, and the germ, or whatever it is, is ripe for dissemination into the system, and then all hope is gone. Nevertheless, between the time of the bite and the activity of the wound previous to dissemination, the caustic of nitrate of silver is a sure preventative; after that, it is as useless as all other means. The best mode of application of nitrate of silver, is by introducing it solidly into the wound. It melts in an equal quantity of water. If already healed, the cicatrix should be rubbed and causticated away entirely."

AN Irishman complained to his physician that he stuffed him so much with drugs that he was sick a long time after he got well.

MANY who repent of public life and retire to obscurity, repent of their repentence and long to retire from their retirement.

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1864.	Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wed'sday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.	1864.	Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wed'sday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.
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Peterson's Ladies' Magazine	3 00
Arthur's Home Magazine	3 00
Ladies' Repository	3 50
Tales of the Day	3 50
Monthly Novelette	3 00
Eclectic Magazine	6 00
Hunts' Merchants' Magazine	6 00
Bankers' Magazine	6 00
Le Bon Ton	6 00
Brownson's Review	3 00
Braithwaite Retrospect	3 00
Turf Register (yearly)	2 00
Ballou's Magazine	2 50
Yankee Notions (comic)	2 50
Leslie's Budget of Fun (comic)	2 50
Nic Nax (comic)	2 50
Comic Monthly	2 50
Phunny Phellow (comic)	2 50
New York Weekly Herald	3 00
New York Police Gazette	3 50
New York Clipper	3 50
New York Home Journal	3 50
New York Weekly Tribune	3 50
New York Sunday Mercury	3 50
New York Sunday Atlas	3 50
New York Sunday Times	3 50
New York Sunday Dispatch	3 50
New York Sunday Courier	3 50
New York Weekly Times	3 50
New York World	3 50
New York Journal of Commerce	3 50
New York Independent	3 50
New York Leader	3 00
New York Ledger	3 00
New York Leslie's Pictorial	3 50
New York Harper's Weekly	3 50
New York Illustrated News	3 50
New York Zeitung (German)	3 50
New York Demokrat	3 50
New York Criminal Zeitung	3 50
New York Family Blatter	3 50
New York Vanity Fair	3 50
New York Irish American	3 50
New York Scientific American	3 50
New York Wilkes' Spirit of the Times	3 50
New York Tablet	3 50
New York Country Gentleman	3 50
New York Weekly	3 50
New York Mercury	3 50
New York Herald of Progress	3 50
New York Scottish American Journal	3 50
New York Albion	6 00
New York Eco d'Italia (Italian)	8 00
New York La Cronica (Spanish)	12 00
Boston Weekly Journal	3 50
Boston Flag of our Union	3 50
Boston Pilot	3 50
Boston Waverly Magazine	3 50
Boston Banner of Light	3 50
Boston True Flag	3 50
Boston Investigator	3 50
Boston Literary Companion	3 50
Boston Littell's Living Age	7 00
Philadelphia Forney's War Press	3 00
Philadelphia Dollar Newspaper	3 50
Philadelphia Saturday Evening Post	3 50
Baltimore Weekly Sun	3 50
Louisville Weekly Journal	3 50
Cincinnati Weekly Commercial	3 00
St. Louis Weekly Republican	3 50

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

London Illustrated News, with supplements	$4 00
London Weekly Dispatch	3 00
London Illustrated News of the World	4 00
London Illustrated Times	2 00
London Weekly Times	0 00
London Bell's Life	3 00
London Athenæum	2 00
London Punch	8 00
London once a Week	5 00
Liverpool Wilmer and Smith's Times	3 00
Dublin Nation	6 00
Cornhill Magazine	6 00
Temple Bar Magazine	6 00
St. James Magazine	6 00
London Lancet	6 00
London World of Fashion	6 00
All the Year Round, Dickens	6 00
London Art Journal	0 00
Blackwood's Magazine	4 00
Westminster Quarterly Review	3 00
North British Quarterly Review	3 00
Edinburgh Quarterly Review	3 00
London Quarterly Review	3 00
The four Reviews and Blackwood	3 00

Subscriptions received for all the San Francisco Dailies, at publishers' prices.

Any Newspaper, Magazine or Review not mentioned in the above list will be furnished to order. Orders of Books, Music, Fancy Articles, &c., filled promptly at the lowest market rates. Subscriptions payable invariably in advance. Address,

J. STRATMAN,
News Agent, San Francisco.

BLANKS, TRUST DEEDS, AND CERTIFICATES OF INCORPORATION, for sale at this office.

DUTCH FLAT ENQUIRER.

E. B. BOUST, : : : : EDITOR.

THURSDAY MORNING, MARCH 31, 1864.

CHANGING THEIR BASE.—The Democratic leaders in Congress and around Washington City, recently had a meeting in which they determined to let the slavery plank slide as unfit for further use, it being worm-eaten and in many places rotten. It is evident to every man of any discernment that the institution of slavery has received its death blow. It does not make any difference that we know of by whom the blow was given, whether stabbed by the Abolitionists or poisoned by the Secessionists, the effect is virtually the same—the thing is on its last legs. That this is according to law or the ten commandments, we shall not stop to discuss, the existence of the fact is sufficient for all practical purposes, and the sooner people accommodate their minds to this great truth, and exert themselves to a suppression of the rebellion the sooner the thing is mended. We don't know that those who have heretofore adhered to the doctrine of slavery should greatly lament its decease, certainly not those identified with the interests of the free states. Very few will deny but what slavery was an evil to those who were burthened with it, and it certainly greatly retarded the progress of the sections where it existed; preventing, in a great measure, the settlement of the country by industrious white mechanics, artizans, etc., by reason of a surfeited slave population, that only went to swell the coffers and puff the pride of a few bloated aristocrats, whose only study was to cajole the common masses into a support of an institution the operations of which conduced only to their own pecuniary gain and pampered indolence.

We do not believe, however, that the negro, generally speaking, is susceptible of a high state of moral or intellectual cultivation; now and then, perhaps, one may be found, but these are isolated cases, and are to be viewed more in the light of "freaks of nature," than as a rule. The probability then, of elevating to a scale of equality the African with the Caucassian race is very obscure, and our pro-slavery friends who have been in the habit of holding this bugbear before their imaginations may as well dismiss it as unworthy longer to be entertained.

RAIN! RAIN!—We are now receiving a plentiful supply of this much needed and long wishd for blessing. Since the 25th instant it has been raining continually, giving us, doubtlessly, the evidence of "things long hoped for." We hear that large quantities of snow have fallen above here, which will be the means of greatly increasing the supply of water for mining purposes. Several companies are now at work, and from the noise and mist rising from their claims appear to be making up for lost time. All our people are now wearing smiling faces, and those who ten days ago presented razor-blade countenances, long drawn out, now greet one with faces similar to that made by drawing a strip of india rubber with a hole in it around a post, decidedly open. This storm will probably interfere with the completion of the roads being constructed across the mountains, for awhile, yet as it does not materially injure these enterprises and will materially assist the miners in the prosecution of their labors, and the farmers in the growth of their crops, we are glad to have it at this time, and hope it may continue for a month to come. All interests cannot be accommodated at the same time, and unless our mining operations remain uninterrupted there will be no necessity for roads and turnpikes across the mountains. One thing at a time.

☞ The Mountain *Democrat* says; "We feel perfectly safe in announcing that the railroad will be completed from Folsom to Miller's Corral and cars running by the first of July." We are glad to hear of the early completion of a portion of your road and congratulate you upon the increased business the road will bring your people. We, however, think it rather unkind of you to call the road which is destined to run to us such hard names as you do. We hardly think you are borne out in facts when you call the Central Pacific Railroad a 'humbug,' or 'a rotten institution.' We see that the work on the road is progressing as fast as possible: only the other day the cars run on this road some 22 miles or more; and you must know what obstables have been thrown in the way of this Company. We are willing to enter the lists with you when our road is completed, for the patronage of the public, and are willing to allow them to judge of the merits of the different roads and routes If the Pacific Railroad is a 'humbug' or a 'rotten institution,' you have nothing to fear from it. You ought to know, also, that there are other places in California besides Placerville, and there are persons at these places as much entitled to good facilities for travel as your own citizens. We are entirely willing that you should build a gold railroad and cover it over with legal tender notes, but we object to your slandering ours. If you desire to praise your road, do so, but it looks ill-natured and spiteful to abuse a stranger because he prefers to travel another road other than that which runs by your door. We are willing to take the chances on our road, believing that the public will soen be able to decide which it will be to their interest to patronize.

CONDITION OF THE PACIFIC RAILROAD.—The Kansas City *Journal of Commerce*, of a late date has the following in relation to the present condition of the Pacific Railroad at the east end: Now that all necessary legislation to insure the completion of the road has been perfected, it may be a matter of some interest to the public to know exactly what is the present condition of the road.—The Pacific Railroad is now completed and running from St. Louis to Dresden, a distance of one hundred and ninety miles. From Dresden to Warrensburg, twenty-four miles, the grading is nearly completed, the ties, chairs and spikes are on the ground. It is expected that the cars will be running to Warrensburg in April. From Warrensburg to Independence is fifty-four miles. Most of this distance remains ungraded. There is no heavy work upon this section of the road except a rock cut on the Little Blue, where the company have had a considerable force at work all Winter. From Independence to this city the road is nearly ready for the iron. Thus it will be seen that but little over fifty miles of new road is to be built to complete it to our city. That it will be for the interest of all concerned to finish it as quickly as possible is evident.

☞ Notice the markets in another column.

UNION STATE CONVENTION.

The delegates to this convention met in Sacramento on Thursday the 25th instant, and organized by electing the Hon. W. H. Sears, of Nevada, President, in opposition to W. H. Parks. The highest number of votes counted was 367, and the attendance is said to have been good—few proxies being used. The election of Mr. Sears is said to have been in opposition to the wishes of Mr. Sargent and the balance of the Nevada delegation, proving the truth of the old saying, that "a prophet is not without honor save in his own land." The committee on Resolutions presented the following which were unanimously adopted. The first resolution was an act of justice to the memory of the deceased orator who had labored so arduously to diffuse the principles of the party in power, and it shows an appreciation of the services of Mr. King by that party. Although we were not an admirer of the political lectures of this gentlemen, we believe he was actuated by what he thought the purest and most patriotic motives, hence we do not hesitate to accord to him that high respect which his labors so justly entitle him to. The following is the resolution:

Resolved, That in the death of the Rev. T. Starr King, California has lost one of her brightest ornaments and noblest citizens. He was a true patriot, an accomplished orator, a brave defender of freedom, and an earnest champion of human rights.—By his matchless eloquence, earnest zeal, and tireless exertions he contributed more than any other man to build up and intensify the Union sentiment of this State, while to him is due the chief honor of the splendid contributions of California to the Sanitary Fund which has made its name dear to every soldier's heart, and a synonym of manifest benevolence. We deeply mourn his loss. It cannot be repaired to the State; but the memory of his good deeds will live after him as long as patriotism and virtue have a lodgement in the human heart. We tender our condolence to the bereaved family, and request the Secretary to furnish them with a copy of this resolution.

The above was passed in silence, each member rising to his feet to do honor to the illustrious dead.

The convention then proceeded to the transaction of its legitimate business, when the following preamble and resolutions were read and adopted:

WHEREAS, The perils and distresses of civil war continue in this Republic; and, whereas, our National Government is still assailed and sought to be overthrown by rebels in arms and by traitors advocating peace at the sacrifice of the unity, dignity and power of our nation; and, whereas, throughout this momentous and unparalleled struggle for national existence, it is the imperative duty of every citizen to unreservedly and earnestly sustain the National Administration in the execution of all measures adopted by the Government for the suppression of this unprecedented and iniquitous rebellion, and the restoration of the flag of our country. Therefore,

Resolved, That the Union party of the California réaffirms its devotion to the Union and its determination to support the National Administration in all its efforts to suppress this infamous rebellion, waged against our national existence, as long as a rebel is to be found armed in hostility to the laws and constitutional authorities of the country, or a Copperhead is found to give him 'aid and comfort.'

Resolved, That this convention, representing the Union party of the State of California, indorses the Administration of President Lincoln from the first hour of its existence to the present time; embracing a period in the history of our country more eventful, and fraught with more danger to the cause of constitutional liberty, than any like period in the history of the world; that we are unanimously in favor of his renomination to the Presidency, believing it will contribute to the speedy triumph of our arms, the establishment of a permanent peace through victory, and will be a merited indorsement of a wise statesman and earnest patriot, who has earned and possesses the love and confidence of the American people. We therefore instruct our delegates to the National Convention to vote for and use all honorable means to secure his renomination.

Resolved, That we are opposed to human slavery, as an institution condemned of God and abhorrent to humanity, a stain upon the nation's honor, and a clog to its material progress; that, as the rebels, by their own act, have brought destruction on this infernal system, we regard it as a just punishment for their crime against their Government and civilization of the age, and rejoice that such good results as its eradication will issue from our nation's tribulations.

Resolved, That we take a just pride in the California Volunteers, who have left the peaceful pursuits of life to go forth and battle for the maintenance of the flag of the Republic against the polluting hands of traitors; they have proven their patriotism by their acts, and have earned the gratitude and commendation of the loyal citizens of their State. These brave soldiers of the Union should be allowed to exercise all the privileges and suffrages of freemen, and the Legislature should, by suitable enactments, secure them in that right.

Resolved, That we indorse the honorable John Conness, our Union Senator in Congress, and believe that his official acts thus far have been fraught with great good to the country and to the people of this State, and that in him we have a true representative and an able and patriotic statesman.

Resolved, That we recognize in the honorables William Higby, Cornelius Cole, and T. B. Shannon, our members in the House, able, faithful and patriotic representatives.

Resolved, That the administration of Governor Low has been thus far marked with wisdom and patriotism, and meets with the hearty approval of the loyal citizens of this State.

Resolved, That we regard the Pacific Railroad as one of the most important measures of the National Administration; and the liberal donation by Congress to aid in the construction of that great work, entitles it to the thanks and support of the American people.

After passing the resolutions the convention proceeded to elect ten delegates to attend the National Convention to meet at Baltimore on the 10th of May next, and ten alternate delegates. The names of the delegates will be found in another colume.

A PLANK IN THE DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM.—The third resolution adopted by the Democratic State Convention at Columbus, is as follows:

"That we are opposed to the prosecution of the war for the subjugation of the States, or for the purpose of divesting them of their sovereignty, or infringing or impairing its rights; and being satisfied that its continued prosecution for such objects will, in the end, prove the utter destruction of our civil liberty, we therefore demand an immediate inauguration of peaceable means to attain a favorable settlement and restoration of the Union under the Constitution.

THE bank-note circulation of the North and South combined, at the commencement of the war, was $150,000,000. Now, in the Northern States alone, it is $180,000,000, together with over $300,000,000 Treasury notes, and about $20,000,000 postal currency.—*Sac. Bee.*

Do you cite that as an instance of the prosperity of the country under Republican rule, Mr. *Bee?* In good old times, when there was no civil war, and things were attempted to be conducted on a sound basis it was thought to be a bad plan for a banking institution to issue more not than it could redeem. Now, the greater the issue, the greater the prosperity—for a season.

At the District Court recently held at Austin, N. T., twenty-four attorneys were admitted to practice. Pity the people over there.

CONSCRIPTION BILL.

The following, we take from the San Francisco *Call*, in relation to the Conscription Act passed Marsh 3, 1863, from which it will be seen the President is authorized to call for such numbers of men, during the present year, as the exigencies of the military services may require:

Wherever quotas shall not have been furnished by the time fixed, the Provost Marshal shall make a draft for the deficient number. If the number be not obtained by the first draft, other drafts shall be made. Acceptable substitutes may be furnished by those enrolled, previous to the time of making the draft, the substitute being not liable to the draft, the enrolled person being exempt for the time the substitute shall not be liable to draft. Any person enrolled and drafted is allowed the privilege of furnishing a substitute previous to the time fixed for his appearance at the rendezvous. If such substitute be liable to draft, the one furnishing him shall again be placed on the roll and be liable to future drafts. Exemptions on account of substitutes, or payments, shall be only for one draft, all such exempts to be again enrolled at the end of one year. Boards of Enrolment shall enroll all persons liable to draft. Persons twenty-one years of age and under forty-five at the time of the draft, aliens declaring their intention to become citizens, persons discharged from Army or Navy before having served two years, during the present war, are liable to draft. Drafted mariners are allowed to enlist in the naval service, for a period of not less than that for which they were drafted. All mariners in the army allowed the same privilege. Any bounty received to be deducted from prize money. Persons exempted from enrolment are those physically or mentally unfit for the service, those actually in service, and those having served two years and honorably discharged. All persons resisting or opposing enrolment are subject to a fine of five thousand dollars, or imprisonment not exceeding five years, or both. If such resistance result in the death of an officer or other person, the offender to be deemed guilty of murder and punishable by death. All officers appointed to execute the enrolment are clothed with ample power. Any person swearing falsely to be subject to a fine of five hundred dollars and imprisonment not less than six months. Members of religious denominations opposed conscientiously to bearing arms, to be considered as non-combatants, and assigned to duty in hospitals, or to the care of freedmen, or pay three hundred dollars for the benefit of sick and wounded soldiers. No person of foreign birth to be exempt as an alien if he at any time shall have assumed the rights of a citizen by voting or holding office. All claims to exemption to be verified by oath. Exemptions procured by draft shall be of no effect, and the person exempted shall be liable to court-martial and punishment as a deserter. Persons under eighteen years of age, in the service without consent of parents, may be discharged by the Secretary of War. No fee exceeding five dollars for papers in support of exemption, allowed to be charged by agent or attorney. A violation of this deemed a high misdemeanor, subjecting to fine and imprisonment. No enrolling officer or surgeon to aid in procuring substitutes, nor receive any fee or valuable thing for making an inspection, and for making an imperfect inspection to be liable to court martial, fine and imprisonment. All able-bodied male colored persons between the ages of twenty and forty-five years, to be enrolled as part of the national forces, and the loyal master of a drafted slave to be entitled to one hundred dollars bounty for an enlisted man, and the slave to be free. The loyal person to whom such colored volunteer owed service to receive just compensation, not to exceed three hundred dollars. The above synopsis presents about all the essential points in this bill, which is pretty stringent and comprehensive in its provisions, and ought to prove effective.

HOSTAGES FOR THE ALABAMA.—A local correspondent of the *Bulletin*, whose hair is evidently standing on an end, for fear of having what little brains his hat covers shot out by the Alabama one of these fine mornings, and who believes in forcing every one to entertain the same opinion of every "great patriot" that he does himself, writes an article under the head of "what Secessionists can be put to." He says:

"What, then, can we do with those who, while they live secure under the Government, which protects them and their property, spend their time in preaching treason against the Government; sending off their sons to fight against their country, and *training their wives and daughters* so far to forget the rules of ordinary decency as *to rejoice when a great patriot dies?* Let us mark them, and there is a possibility that they can be turned to good account. Should the Alabama by any chance get into this port, they might be secured and held as hostages for the good behavior of their friends aboard the ship."

It may never have occurred to this sacred patriot that when Democrats are held as hostages for the good behavior of the Alabama, that certain "patriots" of his ilk may be required as hostages for the safe keeping of those Democrats. Perhaps an Abolitionist can be found to whom that "boot can be made to fit" as well as "Copperheads."—*Marysville Express.*

DELEGATES.—At the late Union State Convention held at Sacramento, the following persons were elected delegates to the National Convention: O. H. Bradbury, of Tuolumne; Nathan Combs, of Napa; Robert Gardner, of Yolo; William Ritter, of Sacramento. James Otis, of San Francisco; William S. McMurtry, of Santa Clara: Thompson Campbell, Phineas Banning, Rev. M. C. Briggs, and John Bidwell. Alternates: Snyder, Thompson, Culver, Jourdan, Mahoony, Randall, Brannan, Neville, Huntington and Reinerson.

EXHIBITION.—We learn that the ladies favorable to the new church will give an exhibition at the theater on Friday and Saturday evenings, the 8th and 9th of April, for the purpose of paying for the Seraphine lately purchased for the use of the new church. The exhibition will consist of vocal and instrumental music, tableaux, declamations, charades, and drama. As the ladies have exclusive control of this matter, it is reasonable to suppose that everything will be conducted in tip-top style, and the affair prove an entire success, as it should. Programmes of the performances will be printed next week.

ANTIDOTE FOR POISON.—Dr. James Edmonds, a prominent London physician, writes as follows to the London *Times:*

I enclose a single simple, safe and accessible prescription for the whole range of acid and corosive poisons, and which, if promptly used, will almost invariably save life: Mix two ounces of powdered chalk or magnesia, or one ounce of washing soda, with a pint of milk, and swallow at one draught, then tickle the back of the throat with a feather or the finger, so as to produce vomiting, so as thoroughly to wash out the stomach. Any quantity of chalk or magnesia may be taken with safety, but soda in large quantities is injurious. I may add also that the narcotics being excepted, milk alone is an antidote for almost all the poisons, and especially if followed by vomiting.

SHAMEFUL.—The Amador Diskatch publishes an anecdote in relation to the late Starr King in which a most uncalled-for and shameful allusion is made to him. If people cannot accord to him his just praise on account of his political views whilst living, they should have decency enough to let him rest when dead.

ADMITTED.—Ex-Governor Stanford was recently been admitted to practice in the Supreme Court of this State.

PLENTY OF GRAIN.—The following we take from a correspondence of the San Francisco Morning *Call*. Those who a short time since advanced on their flour in this place, will now see that they were rather hasty in their endeavors to oppress the people, and we should not be surprised if the people remembered them for their kindness in this respect, their attempt to feed the families here with flour at seven dollars per hundred:

The anxiety recently felt in regard to a drouth, and loss of crops, has in some degree subsided.—The recent rains have not been without a good effect, and the people look hopefully for more. Man's trust in God is never misplaced; it is a sentiment which cannot be too warmly cherished either in life or death. On the road between San Mateo and Santa Clara, a gentleman pointed out a farmer's barn, in which he says is now stored twelve thousand bushels of wheat, the result of two years' crops, which, he said, the farmer refused to sell at the late depreciated prices. He assured me that many other farmers in the valley had on hand even larger quantities, which they were holding for a better market.

SAN FRANCISCO MARKETS.—We copy the following from the San Francisco *Bulletin* during the past week, ending March 28th:

FLOUR—400 quarter sacks Alviso Mills, $7 25; 500 quarter sacks Golden Gate Mills, Extra, $7; 600 quarter sacks Golden Gate Mills, Superfine, $6. We quote other brands, Extra, $5 50@7; Superfine, $5 50@6.

WHEAT—1503 sacks good milling, 1 80@1 85; 500 sacks extra choice, $1 90@2.

CORN—30,000 lbs Hawaiian Yellow, 2⅝c.

BARLEY—390 sacks good, $2 62½. We quote best brewing, $2 75.

HAY—$30@37 50 ₱ ton.

BRAN—$25@27 50.

POTATOES—$1 ₱ sack; extra choice, 1c ₱ lb.

BUTTER—Best Roll, 40@45c.

RECAPITULATION.

Wheat 9,723 sacks, barley, 5,967 sacks, potatoes, 1,904 sacks, flour, 1,904 quarter sacks.

BORN.

In Dutch Flat, March 29th, the wife of Henry J. Runkle, of a son.

In Dutch Flat, March 23d, the wife of Henry Harland, of a son.

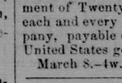
NO OPPOSITION till APRIL 23d.

GREAT REDECTION ON THAT DAY.

THE PEOPLE'S OPPOSITION STEAMSHIP LINE.

FOR NEW YORK VIA PANAMA.

The fast, double engine steamship



MOSES TAYLOR,

2,500 TONS,

J. H. BLETHEN.....Commander,

WILL BE DISPATCHED

FOR PANAMA,

From Mission street wharf, at 9 o'clock, A. M.,

ON SATURDAY.....April 23d, 1864,

Connecting at Aspinwall via PANAMA RAILROAD, with the Steamship

ILLINOIS, FOR NEW YORK.

The Moses Taylor, since her last trip, has been on the Dry Dock, newly coppered, thoroughly overhauled and repaired, making her accommodations equal to any on this coast.

☞ For further information or passage, apply to

I. K. ROBERTS, Agent,
No. 407 Washington street,
Opposite the Postoffice.

mar31-td

Mining Notices.

Full Sets of Mining Campanies' Books with Certificates of Stock and

CROCKER'S ASSESSMENT LEDGER,

furnished at Sacramento prices, on application at the ENQUIRER office.

WASHINGTON Gold, Silver and Copper Mining Company.—Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Washington Gold, Silver and Copper Mining Company will be held at the office of W. G. Brown on Monday, the twenty-fifth day of April, at 7 o'clock, P. M. A full attendance requested as business of importance will come before the meeting. J. M. FULWEILER,
March 24, 1864. 1m Secretary.

OSWEGATCHEE and MONITOR Consolidated Gold and Silver Mining Company.—Notice is hereby given that the semi-Annual meeting of the above named company, for the election of officers, and other important business, will take place at Concert Hall, in Dutch Flat, on Saturday, April 2, 1864, at 7½ o'clock, P. M.
March 8.-4w. GEO. L. SLOCUMB, Sec'y.

Office OSWEGATCHEE and MONITOR Consolidated Gold and Silver Mining Company.—The Stockholders of the above named company are hereby notified, that at a meeting of the Trustees, held March 5th, 1864, there was an assessment of Twenty-five cents (25) per share levied on each and every share of the capital stock of said company, payable on and after March 10th, 1864, in United States gold coin to the Secretary.
March 8.-4w. GEO. L. SLOCUMB, Sec'y.

IRONSIDE Gold and Silver Mining Co.—Notice is hereby given that the first annual meeting of the stockholders of the above named company will be held at the office of the Secretary, on Monday, April 4th, 1864, at the hour of 7 o'clock, P. M. Proxies must be duly stamped and filed with the Secretary.
March 3.-4w. L. M. ELLIS, Sec'y.

Office MILTON Gold and Silver Mining Company, Wisconsin Hill, California, Feb. 13th, 1864.—At a meeting of the Board of Trustees of the above named company held this day, an assessment (No. 2) of Five (5) cents was duly levied on each and every share of the capital stock of the company payable on or before the first day of May 1864, to the Secretary in gold coin.
mar3w1 WM. A. HOUSEL, Secretary.

MILTON Gold and Silver Mining Company.—Office, Wisconsin Hill, California, March 2, 1864. Notice is hereby given that in accordance with the laws of the State of California, and the By-Laws of the Company, and an order of the Board of Trustees, there will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder, in front of the Office of the Secretary, on **Saturday, April the 9th,** 1864, at 1 o'clock P. M., so many shares of the capital stock standing on the books of the Company in the names of the following persons as will be necessary to pay all delinquent assessments heretofore levied, together with costs of advertisement and sale:

Names.	*No. Shares.*	*Am't.*
Moses Arnold	100	$ 5 00
J. Handford	100	10 00
J. J. Johnson	100	7 50
Walter Willey	200	15 00

mar3w5 WM. A. HOUSEL, Sec'y.

Grand Turk Gold and Silver Mining Company—Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Trustees of the above named company held on the 27th February, 1864, an assessment of one and a quarter (1¼) cents was levied on each and every share of the capital stock of the company, payable before the 10th day of March, 1864, to the Secretary, at the office of the company, in Dutch Flat, in U. S. gold coin. By order of the Trustees.
E. B. BOUST, Sec'y.
Dutch Flat, February 29, 1864.-1m

Advertisements.

GREENBACKS.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

B. H. BARTLETT, and Bartlett & Thomas Water Company, have this day paid the sum of $153 due to me, in

Legal Tender Notes, at par.
L. ARNSTEIN.
Dutch Flat, March 17, 1864. m24tm

PLACER COUNTY TEACHERS' INSTITUTE.

THIS INSTITUTE, WILL HOLD ITS FIFTH semi-Annual session in Dutch Flat, commencing on Tuesday, April 12, 1864, and will continue in session four days.

Trustees, Teachers and friends of Education generally, are invited to attend and participate in the exercises of the Institute.

The County Board of Examination will meet at 4 o'clock each day during the session of the Institute. Teachers holding temporary certificates from the County Superintendent will please be present for examination

The Board of Examiners will consist of the following Teachers. J. C. Ball, E. J. Schellhous, D. W. Hammond and S. R. Case.

Lady Teachers will be furnished with conveyances free of charge.

A. H. GOODRICH, Supt. Pub. Schools.
March 3, 1864.-td.

DUTCH FLAT BAKERY,

SOUTH SIDE OF MAIN STREET.

HENRY RUNKLE.....PROPRIETOR.

THE PROPRIETOR OF THIS OLD ESTABlished Bakery tenders his thanks to the citizens of Dutch Flat and neighborhood for the very liberal and generous patronage heretofore bestowed and assures them that he will endeavor to keep up the reputation of his establishment. Fresh

Bread, Cakes and Pies

always on hand, together with an excellent assortment of

Wines, Liquors and Cigars!

and an attentive and accommodating bar tender always ready to attend to the *spiritual* wants of those who may favor him with a call.

jan10-v4-tf

H. HUBBARD..... ....E. M. HALL.....B. C. ALLEN

HALL & ALLEN,

BANKERS,

AUBURN, TODD'S VALLEY AND DUTCH FLAT.

Placer County, California.

Pay the highest price for Gold Dust. Make advances on Gold Dust consigned for Assay or Coinage. Attend to collections and remittances, and transact General Banking Business

W. H. KEELER,

Watchmaker and Jeweler.

HAVING JUST RETURNED FROM the Eastern States would announce to the public that he has reopened his old store on Main street, Dutch Flat, one door above the Dutch Flat Water company's office, where he would be pleased to see his old friends and customers and all others who desire anything done in his line. All work done in a neat and workmanlike manner and warranted to give satisfaction. Nov. 12, 1863.-tf.

Dry Goods and Clothing Store

OPENED IN DUTCH FLAT,

[A few doors below W & P. Nichols' Banking House,] by

CHARLES ADLER.

I have all the latest styles and patterns of Domestic and Foreign Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, &c., usually kept in any store in the State, which I sell at the lowest Cash prices.

☞ Call and examine my goods, whether you wish to pupchase or not. jan 20-tf

NATIONAL HOTEL.

MAIN STREET, DUTCH FLAT, CAL.

JAS. A. SHOEMAKER.....Proprietor.

THE PROPRIETOR IS DESIROUS OF INforming his friends and the public generally that he has thoroughly renovated and considerably improved his well known establishment, and is now prepared to accommodate all who may call upon him in a manner unsurpassed by any house in the mountains.

THE BAR

Is at all times furnished with the choicest liquors, wines, syrups and cigars, where an attentive and experienced bar-keeper may always be found to accommodate the patrons.

WELL AIRED ROOMS

and the cleanest of beds are features in this establishment now unequaled in the State.

Terms of board moderate, and accommodations of every description plenty. Feb. 18.-tf.

NEW CASH STORE,

Main Street, above Stockton.

A. H. DAVIS HAVING PURCHASED THE entire stock of goods of Messrs. H. C. Harvey & Co., would invite the attention of all to the fact that he is prepared to furnish all articles in his line at prices that cannot fail to satisfy. Buying for cash he is enabled to sell at reduced rates for cash. An excellent assortment of

GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS,
CROCKERY,
PRESERVES,
LIQUORS,
GRAIN, &c.,

Of the purest quality will be constantly kept on hand, and sold as

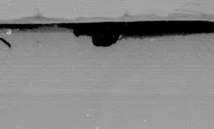
CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST!

The subscriber hopes by strict attention to business and fair dealing to receive a portion of the patronage. ☞ Goods packed to Order, free. ☜
May 21-tf

WM. H. HILLHOUSE,

Will constantly keep on hand all kinds of

HARDWARE!

STOVES,  STOVES,

TINWARE, &c., &c.,

Something Just Received of Great Importance to Miners!

The subscriber takes this early opportunity of announcing to the "**Honest Miners,**" that he is prepared to furnish Iron, Hydraulic Pipe and fixtures, as expeditiously and on as reasonable terms, (per lb. or foot, or any other way), as "any other man." All persons intending to fit up their Claims with Iron Pipe this fall will consult their interests by calling on me before contracting elsewhere.

Together with a general assortment of all articles in his line. Particular attention paid to the manufacture of

Hydraulic Pipe, Hose Pipe!

or anything else pertaining to his business, or the wants of a mining community, at reasonable rates.
ap10-tf

DUTCH FLAT ENQUIRER.

AGENTS.

THOS. BOYCE is our authorized agent for San Francisco, through whom all business connected with this paper in that city must be transacted.

The following items are from the Reese River *Reveille*:

WHITLACH UNION No. 2.—Should any one wish to satisfy himself of the permanency and inestimable wealth of the mines of Reese River, he has but to pay a visit to some of the principal mines in the immediate vicinity of the town. One of the largest and most promising lodes in this district and one of those we would advise the skeptical, if there are any such to examine is the Whitlach Union No. 2, on the ridge dividing Austin from Marshall Cañon. The ledge is exceedingly large for this locality, being at the bottom of the shaft fourteen feet in thickness, with well defined and regular casings. The entire ledge however is not all metalliferous, but will average near two hundred dollars per ton, while some of the veins running through it will pay from six hundred to one thousand dollars per ton. In excavating the shaft to the depth of forty feet a large quantity of ore was taken out, a portion of which has been crushed experimentally at the different mills, producing $4,800, at a clear profit of about $1,600, and much of this was rock that in careful mining would be separated from the ore and thrown away. Some fifty tons of ore now lies on the surface at the mouth of the shaft. It is of a very friable nature and easily mined. For size, position and quality, this claim cannot be surpassed by any in the district, and an hour passed in its examination is pleasantly and profitably spent.

SMITH AND MARTIN.—Quite a movement has taken place lately in the stocks of the above named company, arising from recent developments. Some of the richest ore known in metallurgy has been taken out of this mine and the promise of its continuation is very favorable. The location comprises twelve hundred feet, and workmen are now engaged uncovering the ledge, and have thus exposed it for near one hundred feet. The lode contains some very pure black sulphures of silver and presents a very beautiful appearance. One ton of rock taken without selection, being an entire section of the ledge, produced $337. Two shafts are sunk upon the lead: one to the depth of fifty feet and the other is about eighteen feet, both showing the lode very favorably.

SCLAVONIA.—The Sclavonia is situated in the foothills near Yankee Blade cañon, and presents a very favorable appearance. It stands nearly perpendicular, with a course due north and south. A shaft has been sunk upon it to the depth of about twelve feet, showing a ledge over six feet in width of an excellent quality of rock. The location consists of fourteen hundred feet and is owned by John Centras and others now at work developing their mine. The shaft, windlass and cabin all give evidence of neatness, care and industry on the part of the owners. Preliminary proceedings have been taken towards the incorporation of the company.

LIGHTHOUSE LEDGE, AMADOR DISTRICT.—Among the numerous claims that have attracted so much attention of late in the noted Amador District the Lighthouse needs a very prominent place. It is located on Coral Hill near the old Hickory, and presents very nearly the same apperrance.—The ledge is six and a half feet in thickness and constantly increasing in value as the work progresses. An incline has been sunk to the depth of thirty-five feet, and a contract is again let to continue to the depth of sixty-five feet. The indications of eminent success are most favorable in this mine.

AUTOCRAT.—Since work has been resumed upon the Autocrat some very fine developments have been made. The lode is increasing in width and appearance and every thing indicates a permanent and valuable mine.

PRAYER FOR RAIN.

The following is the English translation of the prayer to Almighty God, offered up in the Synagogue "Sherith Israel," Stockton street, on Tuesday, March 15th, 1864, being the 7th of Adar, 5624, to avert the calamitous consequences which may arise from the want of rain throughout all parts of the country:

Almighty, most merciful and gracious. We supplicate Thee this day—a day of sorrowful assembly, for our eyes see and our hearts understand that prosperity endureth not forever. Look down, we beseech Thee, from thy habitation: forget us not forever, for we will make perpetual remembrance of Thy holy name. Most high God whose throne is in the Heavens, in Thy hand is the life of every being; Thou feedest and sustaineth each, from the formidable *reem* unto the crawling worm; the reptile of the field and the wild beast of the forest declare "We are Thy creatures gracious art Thou and compassionate towards all Thy works." Thine is the dominion of the earth, whether for mercy or for judgment. Even this year Thou hast visited one portion of the land and hast favored it with abundance of rain so requisite for the production of the common necessaries of life, but from this portion of the land Thou hast withheld Thy blessing. Therefore has consternation seized the husbandman, and the inhabitants of the land groan because before their eyes the food is destroyed.

Verily Thy doings are marvellous, and our soul knoweth right well that Thy decrees are just; but as the heaven is high above the earth, so great is Thy mercy upon us: Thou extendeth to us thine indulgence, for that we are also flesh; and such is Thine attribute, to hide Thine eyes from sinners, to have compassion upon Thy creatures, and to deal kindly towards them. We beseech Thee, O Father, spare and have pity upon the afflicted poor; avert from them hunger and want of food. Have commiseration upon our country: let a moisture ascend from the earth; send us the rain of the season, and bid it descend plentifully, so that the floors may be full of wheat, the trees yield their fruits, and the ground its produce.

Thou, O Lord, who hast a balm for all the wounds of this earth, who linkest man to man, for all are sprung from one root; inspire thy children with a spirit of benevolence and fellow-feeling for each other; let them not act harshly towards each other, but may every man be permitted to pursue his path unmolested; may every one assist his neighbor, and say to his brother, "Be of good courage!" May peace flourish in this country, and mayest Thou be nigh to redeem us! Amen.—*S. F. Hebrew.*

INDIAN FIGHT IN HUMBOLDT COUNTY.—The Humboldt *Times* of March 12th, gives an account of a fight between Company A, California Militia, commanded by Lieutenant Geer, which took place on the 2d of March, between Mad River and Redwood creek. Three Indians and two squaws were killed, when the Indians retreated. Private Wilson, the next day, venturing outside the lines, was killed. The troops were following on the trail of the Indians when last heard from.

A saloon-keeper in Virginia City has the following inscription conspicuously placed on the wall above his rows of bottles:

☞ WHAT U. O.

The legend is rather mystical until explained; then, however, it becomes decidedly plain.

"What does that mean?" inquires the unsuspecting customer, in arrears for previous drinks.

"Just what it reads," says the bar-keeper.

"And what does it read?" asks curiosity.

"Why, it's plain enough: 'Hand over what you owe,'" affably answers the saloon man.

"Oh!" echoes the incidentally dunned individual dunned at his own instigation.

The effect is said to be quite suggestive, and an explanation of the cabalistic characters is never asked for a second time by unsuspecting customer.

PROSPECTING.—An exchange learns that a party of California miners intend prospecting the islands lying off the Pacific coast of Mexico. They are stimulated to this adventure from the reports which have been received regarding the mineral importance of those islands. They go in their own schooner, and take provisions for six months.

Special Notices.

OLIVE LODGE, No. 81, I. O. O. F. hold their regular meetings on Wednesday evening of each week.

Brothers in good standing are cordially invited.

F. BURCKHALTER, N. G.

J. M. CHILDS, Rec. Secretary. ja-1

POST-OFFICE HOURS.

Open from 7 A. M., to 9 P. M. Mail closes daily at 9 o'clock, P. M.

Office open on Sundays from 8 o'clock, A. M., to 10 A. M., and one hour in the evening on the arrival o the mail. C. B. PLUMMER. P. M.

Brown's Bronchial Troches.

"I have never changed my mind respecting them from the first, excepting to think yet better of that which I began thinking well of."
REV. HENRY WARD BEECHER.

"The Troches are a staff of life to me."
PROF. EDWARD NORTH, Pres. Hamilton College, Clinton, N. Y.

"For Throat Troubles they are a specific."
N. P. WILLIS.

"Too favorably known to need commendation."
HON. CHAS. A. PHELPS, Pres. Mass. Senate.

"Contain no Opium nor anything injurious."
DR. A. A. HAYES, Chemist, Boston.

"An elegant combination for Coughs."
DR. G. F. BIGELOW, Boston.

"I recommend their use to Public Speakers."
REV. E. H. CHAPIN.

"Most salutary relief in Bronchitis."
REV. S. SIEGFRIED, Morristwon, Ohio.

"Very beneficial when suffering from Colds."
REV. S. J. P. ANDERSON, St. Louis.

"Almost instant relief in the distressing labor of breathing peculiar to Asthma."
REV. A. C. EGGLETON, New York.

"They have suited my case exactly, relieving my throat so that I could sing with ease."
T. DUCHARME, Chorister, French Parish Church, Montreal.

As there are imitations, be sure to OBTAIN the *genuine.*

Agents for California.

REDINGTON & CO., San Francisco.

ma31-1m

District Court Summons.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, County of Placer.—District Court of the 14th Judicial District of said State. The People of the State of California, to J. Dorenback, Capt. B. Pollard and Bartlett & Thomas, Greeting: You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint of J. J. Collins, in said Court, filed against you, within ten days from the service of this Writ, exclusive of the day of service, if served on you within said County, and within said District, twenty days; and if served on you without said County and District, then in forty days from such service, exclusive of the day of service, in an action commenced on the 22d day of February 1864 in said court, to obtain judgment against you defendant Dorenback for the sum of $1,155 00, with interest thereon from the 11th day of May 1862, at the rate of 2 per cent. per month, alleged to be due on a certain promissory note of that date and tenor; which note plaintiff now owns and holds, and also for a decree of foreclosure against certain property mortgaged by you to secure the payment of said note, and that the interest of you the defendants Pollard, and Bartlett & Thomas, in and to said property be declared subsequent to and subject to plaintiffs said mortgage, and that you *all* be barred and foreclosed &c., plaintiff also asks for $50 00 attorney's fee, and his cost of suit, all of which you will find more fully set out in complaint on file, a certified copy of which is herewith served. And you are hereby notified that if you fail to answer the complaint as directed, plaintiff will take judgment by default against you defendant Dorenbach for $1,155 and interest as claimed, $50 00 attorney's fees, and costs of suit, and apply to the court for the relief demanded, against all of the defendants herein.

In witness whereof, I, A. Huntley, Clerk of the Fourteenth Judicial District Court aforesaid, do hereunto set my hand and impress the seal of said Court, at office in Auburn, this 23d day of February 1864. (I. R. S. 50 cts.) (L. S.)

A. HUNTLEY, *Clerk.*
By WM. SMITH, *Deputy.*

Upon reading the affidavit of plaintiff and being satisfied therefrom that a cause of action exists said J. Dorenback, and that he is a necessary and proper party therein, and it further appearing that said J. Dorenback is a non-resident of the State of California, and resides within the Territory of Nevada, it is hereby ordered that said summons as to said J. Dorenback be made by publication, that the same be published in the Dutch Flat ENQUIRER, a weekly newspaper printed in said county for at least once a week for the period of three months as provided by law.

Given at Auburn this 8th March A. D. 1864.

T. B. McFARLAND, District Judge, 14th Judicial District.

Attest: D. W. SPEAR, Clerk.
J. Hamilton, Plaintiff's Attorney. March 17.–3m.

District Court Summons.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, County of Placer.—District Court of the 14th Judicial District of said State. The People of the State of California, to J. Dorenback, L. Arnstein, J. H. Willits, and Bradley & Gardner, greeting: You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint of J. J. Collins, in said Court, filed against you, within ten days from the service of this writ, exclusive of the day of service, if served on you in this county, but if served on you without said county, and within said District, twenty days; and if served on you without said county and District, then in forty days from such day of service, in an action commenced on the 7th day of January, 1864, in said Court, to obtain judgment against defendant Dorenback for the sum of $2,000 00 and interest thereon from September 17th, 1860 at the rate of 3 per cent. per month, less the sum of $180 00 paid December 8th, 1860, alleged to be due plaintiff on defendant Dorenback's certain promissory note for $2,000 00, with interest as above specified, dated September 17th, 1860, and for costs of suit and attorney's fees, and also for a decree of foreclosure against certain property mortgaged to secure the payment of said note; and that the other defendants herein named be required, each to disclose whatever interest he or they may have in said property, and that their interest or claim to the same be declared subsequent to and subject to plaintiff's mortgage, all of which you will find more fully set forth in plaintiff's complaint on file, a certified copy of which is herewith served. And you are hereby notified that if you fail to answer the complaint as directed, plaintiff will take judgment by default against you J. Dorenback for the sum of $2,000 00 and interest thereon from September 17th, 1860, at 3 per cent. per month, less $180 00, and costs and attorney's fees, and apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

In witness whereof, I, A. Huntley, Clerk of the Fourteenth Judicial District Court aforesaid, do hereunto set my hand and impress the seal of said Court, at office in Auburn, this 16th day of January, 1864. (I. R. S. 50 cts.) (Seal)

A. HUNTLEY, *Clerk.*
By WM. SMITH, *Deputy.*

State of California, County of Placer.—To the Clerk of said District Court 14th Judicial District, Placer county: From the affidavit of Jo Hamilton, plaintiff's counsel, it appearing that a cause of action exists against said defendant J. Dorenback, and that he is a necessary party thereto, and that he is a non-resident and resides without the state of California. It is hereby ordered, that service of said summons and complaint be made by publication, and that the same be published in the Dutch Flat ENQUIRER, a weekly newspaper printed and published in said county, once a week for the space of three months as provided by law.

Given under my hand, at office, this 15th day of January, 1864.

H. FELLOWS, County Judge, Placer county.

Attest: A. HUNTLEY, Clerk.
By Wm. Smith, Deputy.
Hamilton & Williams, Plf's Att'ys, ja21-3m

R. H. McDONALD, J. C. SPENCER.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,

SACRMENTO, CAL.

Wholesale Drug Importing House

R. H. McDONALD & Co.,

NEW YORK CITY.

The increasing business of our establishment, together with the wants of the trade, have made it necessary to establish a house in the city New York. Our R. H. McDonald is now in that city, and from the facilities for purchasing, shipping, etc., which we now have, we feel confident that we can supply the trade at much lower rates than heretofore.

WE INVITE ATTENTION TO OUR LARGE and carefully selected stock of superior

Drugs and Medicines,	Retorts and Crucibles,
Chemicals of all kinds,	Druggists Glassware,
Solid and Fluid Extracts,	Brewers' Stock,
Shakers' Herbs,	Soda Water Material,
Eclectic Preparations,	Paints and Oils,
Patent Medicines,	Kerosene and Coal Oils,
Fancy Goods,	Lard and Sperm Oils,
Trusses & Shoulder Br's,	Camphene & burning fluid
Abdominal Supporters,	Alcohol in Tin,
Assayers' Materials,	

Together with a complete assortment of all articles in the Drug line. We do not intend to be under sold by any house in California. Orders respectfully solicited and goods forwarded to all parts of the Pacific coast and country.

R. H. McDONALD & CO., Importing Druggists, Sacramento.
R. H. McDONALD & CO., NEW YORK

The undersigned offer for sale,

300 Carboys Oil Vitrol, "Eastern;"	
3000 lbs Nitric Acid, strong;	
1500 lbs Citric Acid;	
2000 lbs Muriatic Acid;	
3000 lbs Powdered Tartaric Acid, best;	
50 casks super Carb Soda;	
500 ozs Sulph Quinine,	700 doz Wright's Pills
100 ozs Strychnine, pure	20 gross Brandreth's Pills
75 Sulph Morphine,	100 gross Moffat's, Ayer's
100 lbs Iodide Potassa	Jayne's, Lee's and
125 lbs Chloroform	McLane's Pills
106 lbs Calomel	100 doz Myer's Sarsaparilla & Yellow Dock,
1000 lbs Spts Nit and Aq Ammonia	20 doz Lyon's Katharion
600 lbs Balsam Copaiba	500 Jules Haules & Co.'s Extracts, Oils, Colognes, &c.
750 lbs Gum Arabic, white	
2000 lbs Flors Sulphur	
600 lbs Oil Lemon Bergamot	70 boxes Castile Soap genuine
3300 gallons Kerosine Oil	90 Cases best Olive Oil
1000 galls pure Lard Oil in tins	3000 lbs Sal Soda
800 galls Camphene	60 bbls Resin
1600 galls Alcohol, 95 per cent., in tins	100 bbls Plaster Paris
1100 galls Linseed Oil	40 bbls Marble Dust
1000 galls Neatsfoot Polar and China Nut Oil	20 bbls Whiting
	3000 lbs Shakers' Herbs, fresh
800 galls Castor Oil	400 lbs pure Ground Sage fresh
Origanum, Peppermint	600 lbs pressed Hops in ¼ ½ and 1lb papers
Sprue and Almonds	
Paint Brushes	2500 lbs Borax
White-wash Brushes	3000 lbs assorted Paints in cans
Hair Brushes,	One tun of Putty in bladders and cans
Tooth Brushes	
Feather Dusters	
10 bbls refined Lampblack	20 bbls Dye woods
20 bbls Irish Moss	Varnishes of all kinds

10 cases Isinglass;
25 bbls Canary, Hemp, Flax and Coriander seeds. In quantities to suit, all at the lowest prices. Orders respectfully solicited.

R. H. McDONALD & CO., Importing and Wholesale Druggists, Sacramento.
R. H. McDONALD & CO., NEW YORK.

DENTAL

IMPORTING HOUSE.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,

SACRANENTO,

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,

NEW YORK.

WE respectfully invite the attention of the Dental Profession to our large and complete assortment of dental goods, the following comprising a part only:

Plain and Pivot Teeth,	Ivory Handled Pluggers and Scalers,
Gum Teeth, large assort't,	Steel and Wire Handled Pluggers and Scalers,
Teeth for Vulcanite work,	Excavators, durrs & drills
gum & plain, great variety	Screws, Punches, Hooks,
Jones & White's gold foil,	Brushes and Carundum Wheels,
Abbey & Son's Gold Foil,	Grind Stones and Polish Powders,
Watt's Crystal Foil and Sponge Gold,	Lathes,
Tin Foil and Platina plate	Mouth Mirrors, different patterns.
Gold Plate and Solder,	
Dental chairs & head rests,	
Forceps, a large variety,	
Files of all kinds,	

DENTAL CASES.

Chevalier's Best, containing a large number of Instruments, Mouth Mirrors, etc. Cases made of mahogany, brass bound, with drawers, etc., all complete. Price according to size and style—from $75 to $175, each.

Anatomical Preparations.

Consisting of Upper and lower Maxillaries, carved exhibiting Nerves on one side and Artery and Vein on the other. Head, with carved Jaw, exposing fangs of Teeth, 32 in number.

Vulcanizers, Vulcanite Teeth, Rubber and everything for doing vulcanite work in the latest and most approved styles, together with nearly everything used by Dentists, all of which we shall sell at very low prices, and respectfully solicit Dentists to call and examine and price our goods.

Goods packed with care and forwarded, by express or otherwise, to all parts of the Pacific coast.

R. H. McDONALD & CO., Wholesale Druggists, Sacramento, Cal.
R. H. McDONALD & CO., New York.

Trusses, Supporters, Etc.

Gum Stockings, Shoulder Braces, Abdominal Supporters, Suspensary Bandages, Silk Elastic Bandages for Ladies. A very large assortment of articles in this line. For sale by

R. H. McDONALD & CO., Sacramento.
R. H. McDONALD & CO., New York.

BREWERS' STOCK.

Fresh Hops, Irish Moss, Burgundy Pitch, Keg Corks. Everything in this line of the best quality. For sale upon reasonable terms.

☞ 20 bales Hops just received by Express.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.

ECLECTIC MEDICINES.

We are constantly receiving per express, additional supplies from the manufactories.

TILDON'S SUGAR COATED PILLS, of nearly all the concentrated Medicines, put up in bottles. For sale by R. H. McDONALD & Co., Sacramento.

R. H. McDONALD & CO., New York.

SODA WATER MATERIAL.

Corks, Acids, Essential Oils, Whiting, Marble Dust, Soda Twine. Everything in the line. For sale by R. H. McDONALD & CO.

Assayer's Material.

Crucibles, Retorts, Acids, and a general supply of all articles in this line.

PERFUMERY.

We are constantly receiving articles in this line, direct from Foreign and American manufactories. For sale by R. H. McDONALD &CO.

PAINTS, OILS AND VARNISHES.

Brushes, Feather Dusters, Zinc White, Fire Proof Paint, Linseed Oil, Boiled and Raw. For sale by R. H. McDONALD & CO.,

COAL AND KEROSENE OILS.

Burning Fluid, Lamp Oil, Neats-foot Oil, Lard Oil, Camphene. Knowing the difficulty in procuring a good article, so necessary for brilliant light, we have taken extra pains to import them of the best quality, and can supply our customers with a superior article.

R. H. McDONALD & CO., Sacramento.
R. H. McDONALD & CO., New York.

Patent Medicines.

We are agents for the following known Medicines and offer them at REDUCED PRICES:

Sands Sarsaparilla.	Jaynes Sanative Pills,
Ayers Sarsaparilla,	Jaynes Ague Pills,
Myers Sarsaparilla and Yellow Dock,	Ayers Pills,
	Moffats Pills,
Jaynes Expectorant,	Cheesmans Pills,
Jaynes Alterative,	Tildens Fluid Extracts,
Jaynes Hair Tonic.	Tildens Sugar Coated pills
Ayers Pectoral and Ague cure,	Tilden's Pearls of Ether and Chloroform,
Wistar's Bals Wild Cherry	Moffats Phœnix Bitters,

R. H. McDONALD & CO., SACRAMENTO.

R. H. McDONALD & CO., NEW YORK.

ju18-tf

J. H. LECAMP. R. HUDEPOHL

BOOT, SHOE AND DRY GOODS STORE,

MAIN STREET, DUTCH FLAT.

R. HUDEPOHL & CO., RESPECTFULLY informs the public of Dutch Flat that they have on hand and are constantly receiving a well assorted stock of

COATS, PANTS, VESTS, BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS, BLANKETS, TRUNKS, VALISES, LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDRENS'

GAITERS, SHOES AND TIES,

From the most celebrated Eastern manufactories together with an excellent supply of

Gentlemens' Furnishing Goods,

Which they are enabled, from their connection with houses below, to sell at the lowest market prices.

☞ Particular attention paid to the manufacturing and repairing of boots and shoes. ap3-tf

LIVERY AND EXCHANGE STABLE.

Sacramento street, Dutch Flat.

THOMAS MORRIS,.....PROPRIETOR.

HAVING THE LARGEST AND MOST convenient Stable in the place, offers superior accommodations to Teamsters and the traveling public. An extensive Wagon Yard is connected with the establishment.

Horses to let on Livery.

Animals stabled, boarded and groomedby the day, week or month, at reasonable rates. 49-tf

THEODORE SCHUBERT,

BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTURER,

Main Street, Opposite the Placer Brewery.

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE to call the attention of the residents of Dutch Flat and vicinity to the fact that he make to rder booots of all grades from a

Fine Dress to a substantial Miner's Boot

Repairing done with neatness and dispatch. Our work is considered equal to the Philadelphia, New York or Boston manufacture. Call and examine.

THEODORE SCHUBERT.

Dutch Flat, May 21, 1862.–3m

PICTURE GALLERY!

NEARLY OPPOSITE THE THEATRE.

THE UNDERSIGNED INFORMS THE ladies and gentlemen of Dutch Flat and vicinity that having made improvements in the art, he is now prepared to take likenesses in any manner desired.

Ambrotypes and Photographs!

taken to order. Those desirous of sending their likenesses to the "Old Folks at Home" have now an opportunity. All work guaranteed to give satisfaction. O. B. SILVER.

May 28, 18 63.–tf.

CALIFORNIA STAGE LINE.

From Dutch Flat to Auburn Station.

ON AND AFTER THIS DATE, the Coaches of the "California Stage Company" will leave Dutch Flat daily, at 3½ A. M., for Sacramento, connecting with the cars of the Sacramento, Placer & Nevada Railroad Co., at Auburn station at 10½ A. M., and arriving at Sacramento at 1¼ P. M., same day, connecting with the boats for San Francisco. Returning, leaves Sacramento at 6½ A. M., daily, connecting with the coaches at Auburn station at 9 A. M., arriving at Dutch Flat at 5½ P. M.

This line connects at Auburn with the coaches for Forest Hill, Todd's Valley, Yankee Jim's and Michigan Bluffs; at Illinoistown, with coaches for Iowa Hill. Through tickets for all these points can be procured at the Stage office "What CheerHouse," Sacramento; also, at the offices in the above named places for Sacramento or Folsom.

Passengers by this line can rely upon receiving every attention necessary for *safety, speed* and *comfort.* August 6, 1863.—tf.

AMERICAN HOTEL,

—AND—

GENERAL STAGE OFFICE,

Auburn, Placer County.

GEORGE H. STEPHENS,.....Proprietor

THE PROPRIETOR HAVING RESUMED control of this first class hotel, and refitted it with new and desirable furniture are prepared to receive and accomodate visitors in a manner not surpassed by any house in the State. The house is situated in an eligible quarter of the town, and presents many features to make it preferable as a stopping place.

The office of the California Stage Company is kept in the American and persons can book their names for any part of the State on any of the various lines. April 17-tf.

WHITNEY & CO.,

(SUCCESSORS TO)

JOHNSTON & CO.,

Forwarding and Commission MERCHANTS,

AND DEALERS IN

California Produce

Auburn Station, Placer Co.

Mark your goods "W. & CO., and send shipping receipts with goods, facilitate business and prevent mistakes.

Offices—Sacramento.....Corner Front and L strs
Lincoln .....At the Railroad Depot
Auburn Station.....At the Railroad Depot

[jan28-tf]

ALEXANDER BUSWELL,

PRACTICAL BOOKBINDER,

Paper Ruler and Blank Book Manufacturer, 517 Clay and 214 Commercial streets, Between Montgomery and Sansome

San Francisco.

☞ Binding of every description neatly exected Blank Books Rule and Bound to any desired Pattern Aug. 21. 1862–1y.

TO MINING COMPANIES.

WE ARE NOW PREPARED TO FURNISH every description of

Certificates of Stock, Blank Receipts, etc.,

in book form, at the very lowest rates.

Crocker's Stock and Assessment Ledger

furnished at

SACRAMENTO PRICES.

ENQUIRER OFFICE.

PONY SALOON.

Corner Main and Stockton streets.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING LEASED this spacious and commodious building and refitted it entirely with new furniture, has opened in the same a

Billiard Saloon,

Where may be found two of the best tables in the mountains. The very

Best Liquors, Wines and Cigars,

Constantly on hand, and an accommodating barkeeper in constant attendance to supply the wants of the customers. Come, give the new man a chance!

Aug. 6, 1863.–tf. PONY JONES.

SENATE SALOON.

Main Street, Opposite the Express.

THE UNDERSIGNED DESIRES TO INFORM the citizens of Dutch Flat and his friends generally that he has leased this well known stand where he will constantly keep the best

Wines and Liquors

to be had in the market. Cigars of the best brands always on hand. A call from those partial to pure beverages solicited. DAVID MAYER.

November 12, 1863.–tf

PLACER BREWERY.

BOOMERANG.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED this well known establishment and favorite resort, will hereafter keep it in the best style having always on hand the best

Wines and Liquors!

Cigars and fresh brewed lager. By strict attention to business and accommodation to customers he hopes to obtain a share of public patronage. Call and see me.

March 13th, 1862.—tf J. F. MEYER.

BED ROCK SALOON,

MAIN STREET, DUTCH FLAT,

GEO. L. SLOCUMB,.....Proprietor.

KEEP CONSTANTLY on hand the finest

Wines, Brandies, Cigars

and playing cards in the market, in lots to suit customers. Billiard Balls, Cues and Cue Wafers purchased for customers at lowest city prices.

December 4, 1862.—tf

PLACER BUTCHER SHOP,

Corner of Sacramento and Main streets,

Dutch Flat, Cal.

F. GROHS, DESIRES TO INform the public that he constantly keeps on hand a good assortment of fresh BEEF, PORK, MUTTON and Homemade SAUSAGE, which he sells at the most reasonable rates. Persons at a distance supplied daily.

March 13, 1862—tf

DUTCH FLAT STEAM SAW MILL.

THE DUTCH FLAT STEAM SAW MILL IS still in successful operation, where persons can secure the best lumber at the most reasonable rates. All orders filled with promptness, and lumber furnished on terms to make it an inducement to those in need of material to give us a call.

Sugar Pine Lumber

In large quantities, constantly on hand and for sale cheap. To those in want of lumber for

MINING PURPOSES!

We can supply orders with promptness, having superior facilities for sawing, we are enabled to present better inducemen for contractors.

To Builders and Contractors

Requiring lumber for building purposes, can be supplied with SEASONED LUMBER of every description on the shortest notice. All kinds of

LUMBER SAWED TO ORDER.

June 20, 1860. tf J. JONES & CO.

DUTCH FLAT SAW MIILL.

THE ABOVE SAW MILL being the oldest established mill now in operation in the vicinity of Dutch Flat, having been lately repaired, is now capable of cutting lumber equal to the most celebrated mills in Placer county. We have on hand a general assortment of seasoned and green lumber, hard and soft lumber, and having

Reduced the Prices!

to correspond with the times, will sell as LOW if not a *little* lower than any other Saw Mill in this vicinity.

We are now receiving in the yard a large and superior lot of saw logs, and can fill orders for lumber with dispatch of all usual dimensions, varying in length from 10 to 30 feet.

Being situated within a few hundred yards of Dutch Flat, and convenient to most of the valuable mining claims, offer superior inducements to

Miners and Builders

Who will find it to their interest to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ Lumber delivered to any point within ten miles. ALLEN TOWLE.

Dutch Flat, June 24th, 1860. tf

WE THE BOARD OF EXAMINERS CREATed by "An Act for the better protection of the Treasury of Placer county," approved April 6th 1863, do hereby certify that in pursuance of our duties as set forth in said Act of the Legislature of the State of California, we have examined the books and papers in the office of E. M. Banvard, the Treasurer of Placer county, and find that there should be on the 4th day of March A. D. 1864, on the close of the official business of said day the amounts in the several county funds as specified below, namely:

County Fund.....	$ 69 24
Redemption do.....	475 20
School do.....	204 97
School Districts.....	5,463 13
Road do	1,115 31
Railroad Interest Fund.....	1,020 00
Indian Fund.....	37 60
Estates of Deceased Persons.....	150 91
Total amount.....	$ 8,836 36

And we further certify, that we have counted the money in the Treasury of Placer county, and find that there is in said Treasury, in United States gold and silver coin, the sum of Eight thousand eight hundred and thirty-six 36-100 dollars.

H. FELLOWS, County Judge. (I. R. S.) JO. HAMILTON, Dist. Attorney.

M. FANNON, JAS. R. RODGERS, D. W. MADDEN, } Board of Supervisors

Subscribed and sworn to, before me a Notary Public in and for Placer county, this fourth day of March A. D. 1864. R. R. GATTON, Notary Public.

March 7.–1m

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

BY OUR MUTUAL UNDERSTANDING, THE following was adopted, and ordered to be published:

It shall be the duty of each of us, so soon as reported at our stores, the names of parties who may make payments of

Legal Tender Notes at par,

for debts due our several firms, and such parties shall be published, and thereafter refused credit or account at any of our houses of business.

L. ARNSTEIN, GROSS, KIMMER & BOKE,
L. G. BLAIS, W. H. HILLHOUSE,
CHS. ADLER, R. HUDEPOHL,
F. BURCKHALTER.

March 10.–4w.

EXTENUATING CIRCUMSTANCES

Of the strange and whimsical motives which determine French juries in the discovery of extenuating circumstances very curious instances are recorded. From the generally accepted representation of the Gallic character we might have supposed that sentimental considerations would exercise great influence, and that enthusiasm or even fanaticism for religion, liberty, glory, or ambition, tho' carried out in deplorable excesses, would find mercy tempered with justice; but on examination a different line of argument appears to be in usage, and the more horrid, unnatural and extraordinary the crime the more attenuated the guilt. Whether the guiding principle is, that monstrous crimes are better evidence of mental aberration or irresponsibility than small ones, we cannot pretend to say, but assuredly the history of half-a-dozen cases selected at random from the records of the French tribunals would warrant such an idea:

Some years ago, an innkeeper and his wife were tried for having murdered a traveler while lodging in their house, and further, for having made part of the dead body into sausages, with which they duly regaled succeeding customers. These singularly revolting accusations were clearly proved, and the jury returned a verdict of "guilty, but without premeditation, and under extenuating circumstances!" The landlord (thoughtlessly, without doubt,) stabbed his guest, the wife, unthinkingly, cut up the body into sausages, and in a fit of absence of mind, served them up to other visitors. For such an extraordinary verdict no other explanation occurs to us at this moment, than that the admiration of the jury must have been unnaturally excited by the economy and thriftiness so largely manifested by the innkeeper's wife.

In 1848 a man killed his mother, and then reduced the body to ashes in the fireplace. He was found guilty with "extenuating circumstances." A bare verdict of guilty was doubtless reserved in case any other man should advise himself to burn his mother before she was absolutely dead.

In 1843 a servant girl committed several robberies on her master and mistress, who, unwilling to prosecute her, contented themselves with giving her notice to leave. The girl profitted by her short stay to poison them both. The jury found her guilty; but considering how much she must have been irritated at the prospect of being discharged, added that it was under "extenuating circumstances."

About the same period, a young woman, aged 18 who had not been married many months, happening to have had some little disagreement with her husband, was guilty of the horrible cruelty of pouring molten lead into his ear as he lay asleep. He did not die, but his sufferings were intense and prolonged. The girl was tried for the offense; her counsel did not venture to affirm that his client had not committed the deed imputed to her, but suggested that it might have been the unhappy result of a mental aberration to which pregnant women are occasionally liable. The jury found this conduct so excellent that it extenuated the circumstances up to the point of depriving them of the semblance of guilt. They returned a verdict, recording the innocence of this interesting young criminal.

Another time, two women being tired of their respective husbands agreed to poison them both at the same moment. This they effected, but not without discovery. It is not to the police, however, but to the juries, that criminals must in France, look for escape. They were tried and found guilty, but with extenuating circumstances. One would imagine from the rareness of an acquittal, and the frequency of *les circonstances atténuantes*, that the juries were in the habit of reducing to a mean the entire guilt and innocence brought before them; the result being an average of extenuating circumstances. A witty writer observed that, under such a state of things, it was a matter of wisdom to kill your wife rather than let her be bored by you. "If you assassinate her," he says, "you are let off with the galleys; but if you bore her she assassinates you."

A poor woman named Rosalie, unable to support her illegitimate child, and not having the courage to take it to the hospice for *les infans trouvés*, agreed with a neighbor that she should convey it thither for certain monetary considerations, to procure which the poor woman gave her last sou, and sold the remnant of her scanty wardrobe. When the day came the man expended the money in drink, and then coolly threw the infant on the ground, crushed its head with the heel of his wooden *sabot*, and digging a hole, buried it out of his sight. It will hardly be believed that any jury could find extenuating circumstances in this ruffianly case; but nevertheless so it was. Guilty, with the invariable addition of *les circonstances atténuantes*. A widow in the department of Vaucluse in 1844, was proved to have buried alive three illegitimate children in as many years. The same verdict was recorded.

Another woman, married to a bricklayer, and who it is to be presumed had at least some sentiment of hostility towards her husband, took the opportunity, when he was working at the bottom of a well, to kill by literally stoning him to death with her own hands. The same verdict was returned.

Another case of *les circonstances atténuantes* was that of a girl who stole a watch, not as it was clearly proved, through the pressure of poverty. A periodical remarking on the verdict, observed, that no doubt the jury had reflected that it every person in want were to steal, robberies would become deplorably common, whereas for the caprices of the well-conditianed allowances had to be made.

At Isere a man set fire to the loft where his father, (a paralytic man, upwards of eighty years of age,) slept, and fairly roasted him to death. It was remembered by witnesses that the accused had threatened his father in these words: "I would like to see thee roasted like a toad on a shovel."—And he had to the best of his ability redeemed his promise. The jury, struck with admiration at the scrupulous fidelity with which the prisoner had kept his word, returned a verdict of guilty, but with extenuating circumstances.

For the eccentricity of the conclusions at which these French juryman arrived, we do not attempt to account. Our own impression being that from the annals of crime it would be impossible to collect circumstances which could more justly be considered as aggravating rather than extenuating in their character. With us, a jury is generally contented to recommend to mercy, as occasion may seem to justify it; but it appertains to the judge to point out when offences are complicated with what are specially termed aggravating circumstances, and to mark his sense of the same by a greater severity of admonition and punishment.

THE AMERICAN EAGLE.—The following incident is related in a recent lecture by Rev. A. L. Stone, pastor of Park street church, Boston:

In the early part of the war, there stood on Shackleford Island, a high flag-staff, from which floated the national banner. Of course the secessionists soon tore this down. But there still surmounted the staff the national eagle. This was too loyal for the traitors, and after a time they succeed in getting it down, or breaking it off. Their work was hardly finished, when lo! the air quivered with the rush of lordly wings, and a majestic eagle swept down and lighted on the staff. In a few moments the marksmen sent bullet after bullet at the royal mark. In vain. His piercing eye looked at them defiant; he rose, circled round a few feet, and settled again on his perch. At length, struck with awe, they ceased to fire, and soon the imperial bird, soaring up a hundred feet higher lighted on a lofty pine. The symbol of liberty may be desecrated and profaned; liberty itself may be the target of treason's aim, but above the smoke, and the din, the strife and hate, she will soar unharmed with a broader sweep, and up a lordlier height in the serene blue of heaven.

BEAUTY.—A great deal of ponderous nonsense is going the rounds of the press continually about the duty of women to disregard external beauty; to cultivate only the graces of the mind; to give their attention alone to accomplishments of the mind and heart. There is a class of morbid masculine moralists who seem to think that if a woman wears a pretty dress, or trims her hat with gay flowers, or fails in any degree to restrain the natural exuberance of a light heart in a healthy body, that she has passed the bounds of prudent and godly conduct; and they shake their fingers at her, and quote from the Proverbs—"A fair woman without discretion is a jewel of gold in a swine's snout."—It is true, as they say, that the graces of the mind and heart form the first possessions of the true woman; but they should know, too, that a tasteful arrangement of dress and a pleasing exterior are the best evidences she could give of refinement, education and good sense. "What the better," asks one of these morose moralists, "is the apple for its rosy skin, if the maggot has penetrated and devoured its heart?" To answer the question literally, we would suggest that even if an apple be worm-eaten, it may better have a rosy skin than a wrinkled and spotted one. As a rule, however, the worm-eaten apple never has a rosy skin, and you can tell healthy fruit as far as you can see it by its fair outside. Man's highest physical attribute is strength, woman's is beauty. We live in a beautiful world, and only emulate nature when we encourage all manifestations of beauty in our daily associations.

IMPORTANT

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MINING COMPANIES!

THE APPLICATION OF

WIRE ROPE!

FOR HOISTING FROM SHAFTS AND INCLINES.

Reduces your expenditure for Rope

SIXTY-SIX PER CENT.

ALL KINDS OF

WIRE ROPE, FLAT AND ROUND!

Pamphlets containing strength, &c. of Rope, with full information forwarded free, on application to the Manufacturers,

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ja 7-3m 412 Clay street, San Francisco.

HEYER BROS., 76 and 78 Federal st., BOSTON. | **HEYER & CO.,** 406 Battery street, SAN FRANCISCO.

HEYER & CO.,

IMPORTERS

—OF—

AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN

FANCY GOODS, TOYS,

—AND—

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS!

—ALSO,—

SOAPS, PERFUMERY, HAIR AND TOOTH Brushes, Portfolios, Portmonnaies, Ladies' Bags, Photograph Albums, Cutlery, Willow and Parian Ware, Children's Carriages, &c. Our stock of Violin, Guitar and other strings is very large. Our Foreign Goods are selected by one of the firm, and the American by the Boston House (established in **1824**).

We have the Sole Agency for

HALLET & DAVIS' BOSTON PIANOS, SMITH BROS.' HARMONIUMS, and TREAT & LINSLEY'S MELODEONS.

The Hallet & Davis Pianos are each supplied with their Patent Suspension Bridge, which a decided improvement—it gives a full and clear vibration in the upper octaves, producing a quality of tone unequalled in firmness and purity. Our Melodeons and Harmoniums are of the best quality, and warranted to give srtisfaction. oc29-3m

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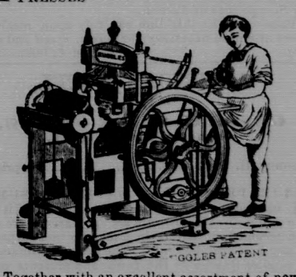

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Bronze or Colored INKS!

In a style unsurpassed by any office in the State at greatly

REDUCED RATES!

FROM OUR FORMER CHARGES.

GROVER & BAKER'S

Noiseless

Sewing Machines!

For Family Use and Manufacturing Purposes

☞ **Prices from $60 Upwards** ☜

Over 50,000 in Use!

WE beg to assure the public that the well-known reputation of these Machines for RELIABILITY will be fully sustained, and in our rapidly increasing business the same care will be faithfully exercised in every department of our manufacture. Every Machine sold by us *IS WARRANPED IN EVERY RESPECT.*

The public attention is respectfully requested to the following

Card from the Grover & Baker S. M. Company.

The public, in their eagerness to supply themselves with Sewing Mrchines making he GROVER & BAKER stitch must not forget to purchase them of the parties who alone are authorized to sell them. All machines sewing from the spools and in which one needle only penetrates the cloth, and having a feed which allows the material to be turned at will are infringements

GROVER & BAKER, S. M. CO.

A Card from Elias Howe, Jr.

All persons are cautioned not to make, deal in, or use, any Sewing Machines which sew front two spools and make the stitch known as the GROVER & BAKER stitch, unless the same are purchased from the *GROVER & BAKER SEWING COMPANY*, or their Agents, or Licenses, and stamped under my patent of September, 10, 14.

Said Company and their Licenses, alone, are legally authorized under their own patents, and my said patent, during the extended term thereof, to make and sell this kind of Sewing Machines, and all others are piracies upon my said patent, and will be dealt with accordingly wherever found.

ELIAS HOWE, JR.

☞ The attention of Tailors and Manufacturers, who prefer the "lock stitch," is calld to our

Improved Shuttle Machines,

which are speedily adapted to their requirements

—AND—

☞ **THE BEST IN USE** ☜

R. G. BROWN, Agent,

329 (½) Montgomery street,

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SAMUEL JELLY, 124 J st. Sacramento City;
J. T. ALLMENT, 156 Second st., Marysville;
J. L. WOODMAN, Main street, Stockton;
GEO. D. DONIN, North San Juan;
J. F. BARSS, Placerville;
D. E. GORDON, Weaverville;
T. A. SPRINGER, Jackson. je26-tf

ESTABLISHED 1760.

PETER LORILLARD,

Snuff & Tobacco Manufacturer

16 & 18 CHAMBERS ST.,

(Formerly 42 Chatham Street, New York,)

Would call the attention of Dealers to the articles of his manufacture, viz:

BROWN SNUFF.

Macaboy, Demigros,
Fine Rappee, Pure Virginia,
Coarse Rappee, Nachitoches,
American Gentleman, Copenhagan.

YELLOW SNUFF.

Scotch, Honey Dew Scotch,
High Toast Scotch Fresh Honey Dew Scotch,
Irish High Toast, Fresh Scotch.
or Lundyfoot,

☞ ATTENTION IS CALLED TO THE LARGE REDUCTION IN PRICES OF FINE CUT CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCOS, WHICH WILL BE FOUND OF A SUPERIOR QUALITY.

TOBACCO.

SMOKING.	FINE CUT CHEWING.	SMOKING.
Long,	P. A. L., or plain,	S. Jago
No. 1,	Cavendish, or Sweet,	Spanish,
No. 2,	Sweet Scented Oronoco,	Canaster,
1 & 2 mixed,	Tin Foil Cavendish,	Turkish
Granulated.		

N. B.—A circular of prices will be sent on application. May 21.-1y

AMERICAN EXCHANGE,

SANSOME STREET,

Opposite the American Theater,

San Francisco.

S. H. SEYMOUR,.....Proprietor.

THE UNDERSIGNED, LONG CONNECTED with the establishment as Book-keeper, begs leave respectsully to inform the old patrons of the house, and the public generally, that he has leased rom Mr. Bailey Sargent,

THIS MAGNIFICENT ESTABLISHMENT,

which will in future be entirely under his management and control, and where he will be pleased to see his old friends and the traveling public. He flatters himself that his experience in the business, and his long acquaintance with the people of California, will be a guarantee that no one will leave his house dissatisfied, and he pledges himself to spare no pains or expense in providing every means for the comfort and satisfaction of his guests,

THE AMERICAN EXCHANGE is so well known to the people of California, that it seems almost unnecessary to say anything in praise, either of the building or its location. The Proprietor will only remark that it is inferior to no house in the State in all the requirements of a FIRST CLASS HOTEL, being in a central location and easy of access from all parts of the city. The ROOMS are large and WELL VENTILATED, and furnished with Spring Mattresses. Water has been introduced into all part of the house.

BATH ROOMS on the premises for the convenience of families.

Two Coaches are attached to the Hotel to convey passengers to and from the steamers.

m3y5-3m SIMON H. SEYMOUR.

WHEELER & WILSON'S

NEW STYLE

IMPROVED

FAMILY SEWING MACHINES

ALL FORMER OBJECTIONS OVERCOME

No Leather pad used in the NEW STYLE MACHINES!

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MISSION WOOLLEN MILLS

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They now use from 40 to 50 constantly, and are turning out

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FRENCH, WILSON & CO.,

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Make the best Clothing:

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Goods suitable for traveling purposes in any climate.

We have fitted up a custom department in connection with our former business, and employ over seventy-five Tailors to make up fine clothing to order. We have the best cutter on this coast, which enables us to guarantee a perfect fit in all cases without alteration.

Our stock of cloths, cassimeres and Vestings are the finest imported from Paris or New York his season.

☞ Strangers visiting the city will please call and leave their measure, free of charge.

Apl1l7-1y FRENCH, WILSON & CO.

PHŒN [illegible] RKS!

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and all kinds of BLACKSMITH WORK.

A large assortment of Second Hand Doors and Shutters, constantly on hand, and for sale at very low rates.

☞ All orders promptly attended to.

708 Battery Street, near Pacific, San Francisco.

San Francisco, May 1, 1862. 6m

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LUNGS IS HIGHLY RECOMMENDED BY CITIZENS WHOSE NAMES AND RESIDENCES. WILL BE FOUND IN THE PAMPHLETS, GIVING EVIDENCE OF ASTONISHING CURES OF CONSUMPTION, BY USING THIS MEDICINE GIVE IT A TRIAL. REDINGTON & CO., AGENTS, 416 AND 418 FRONT STREET, SAN FRANCISCO.

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LATE PROFESSOR IN THE UNIVERSITY PENNSYLVANIA,

Private Medical and Surgical Establishment.

Devoted exclusively to treatment of private diseases o whatever nature, and all diseases to which (as a sex) females are liable.

No. 615 Commercial street,

OPPOSITE THE MINT, SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
CONSULTATION (by letter or otherwise) FREE.

THE NEAR APPROACH OF THIS ESTABlishment to the business portion of the city, and, at the same time, its retirement, renders it easy of access and assures the patient full guarantee of secresy.

Dr. J. C. Young has been a practical specialist for a period of twenty years, and for twelve years on this coast, during which time his private medical and surgical institute has been in uninterrupted successful operation, discharging cured annually upwards of five thousand patients. Cure always guaranteed or no pay required.

Long practice and thorough investigation into the causes of diseases of the urinary organs, enables Dr. Young to determine clearly, and at once, the true nature of the complaint submitted to his care, securing the patient against the dangers of delay liable, and which, alas! too often do arise from mistaken judgment; thus treating the disorder from the start with all the advantage a perfect knowledge gives.

Venereal diseases, of every class and nature, cured in the most perfect, speedy, and permanent manner, without the use of mercury in any form.

Syphilis and its adjuncts, Gonorrhœa and its accompanying diseases; all disordere of the Bladder, Kidneys, and Prostrate: Seminal Weakness; Diseases of the Heart and Lungs; Dyspepsia; Indigestion; Impotency; Incipient Consumption, etc.

Persons afflicted with symptoms after having been treated, should consult Dr. Young at once, as no disease is cured unless the patient feels perfectly well. If there is a particle of disease left in the system, it will break out at some future time when least expected, or be handed down to an innocent offspring.—Persons who have been treated with mercury should be very cautious in believing that they are well for it is a scientific fact that the mercury will mingle with the venereal and form a disease a great deal worse than the original. All those who have reason to think, by bad feelings, that they have been treated thus, should consult Dr. Young, and he will examine their cases and tell them at once how they stand.—Consultation Free.

Of all the above enumerated diseases—terrible in their array, and fearful as they are in their results—the one standing preeminent amongst them for severity and destructive effects, is that most terrible of all diseases, seminal weakness, or spermatorrhœa.

Those who have become the victims of solitary vice, that dreadful, fascinating and destructive habit, which fills thousands of sick rooms with paralytics and consumptives, and hundreds of untimely graves with its misguided victims, should consult, without a moment's delay, one who will sympathize with their sufferings, and cure them for a moderate compensation.

Dr. J. C. Young would especially address himself to such, giving to each and all assurance of a perfect and permanent cure.

The young man who experiences that growing weakness in his muscular and mental organization should stop to consider whence it arises.

He will find in the weakness of the back, trembling of the limbs, disordered digestion, unaccountable failing of the powers of the mind, distaste for society, dread of impending trouble, forebodings of evil, sleeplessness, troubled and lavicious dreams, accompanied by nocturnal emissions, growing deafness, loss of muscular power, and numerous other symptoms of disorganization, the positive traces of that most terrible and destructive of all diseases, seminal weakness—wasting away his powers, destroying his hope of life and manhood, and dragging him along the broken path of existence towards a premature and loathsome grave.

The intermediate steps between the commencement of this disease and its culmination in that only rest to the uncured victim—death—may be enumerated, loss of muscular power, insanity, impotency.

To him who finds his life dribbling out in the discharges of the vital principle of existence in nocturnal and diurnal emissions, the mere cessation of the causes of its appearance brings no assurence of relief.

Marriage, that holy office, the safeguard and hope of manhood, brings to such an one no hope of cure, but adds to his misery in the knowledge that the one who looks to him for so much of her happiness, is a victim of his evil and an innocent companion in his punishment. He adds to his misery and his disorder, until hope leaves him.

There is no cure except in proper and skillful treatment. Consult, then, at once, a Physician whom long practice and careful research has made thoroughly conversant with every phase of the disease.

All those who are married, or contemplate marriage, who experience any of the numerous symptoms pronouncing the presence of seminal weakness, should at once place themselves in communication with Dr. J. C. Young, **615** Commercial street, opposite U. S. Branch Mint, either by letter or personal interview, who assures them of a perfect and permanent cure, without danger of exposure or hindrance from business, it being impossible for a man's most intimate companion to discover for what he is being treated.

To those in the Interior of the State,

Who are suffering under any form of Private Disease, whether contracted from impure connections or induced by other causes, DR. YOUNG would directly address himself, informing them that they can be cured without the necessity of a journey to San Francisco.

Diseases of the heart, lungs, and liver. Dr. Young would call the attention of invalids to his course of practice in the above complaints. Throwing aside as worse than useless, as highly injurious, all forms of mercury, the Doctor relies entirely upon the *Vegetable Practice.*

Thousands of testimonials are in his hands indicating the astonishing success he has met with in the treatment of all diseases of the Heart, Lungs and Liver, on a purely Vegetable basis. The treatment calls for no confinement to the house, absence from business, nor change in diet.

The same success has marked his treatment of all Diseases of the Blood and Skin.

Invalids should address at once, (consultation free) DR. J. C. YOUNG, **165** Commercial street, opposite the Mint, San Francisco.

TO LADIES

Desirous of the advice of a Physician upon the diseases peculiar to their sex, should select one whose reputation for *success* and *skill* warrants him in the assurance of *guaranteeing* to them not only *relief* but perfect *cure.*

DR. J. C. YOUNG

Has been for a series of years a professor of the diseases of Females, and the success attendant upon his treatment has become so well known as to elicit universal approbation.

Ladies who have taken advantage of his skill enjoy *perfect immunity* from a return of their former sufferings.

☞ Communications (by letter or personal interview) perfectly confidential.

Ample Office Accommodations secures the patient against the chance of meeting other than the attendan Physician.

The celebrated Female Remedies, compounded from the private prescriptions of DR. YOUNG, have now obtained a most extended popularity, and are correctly viewed to be the *safest and surest* remedies for the complaints for which they are applied.

The constantly accruing testimonials of their efficacy declare them to be pre-eminently superior in their action.

No Lody should be without these Renovating agents.

None genuine unless procured yt his office. Sent by Mail or Express, to any part of the State.

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FRENCH LUNAR FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS.—After years of use, these Pills stand unrivaled in efficacy Guaranteed to remove *all obstructions* to which, as a sex, females are liable! No possible injury can arise from their use! Price, $5 per box.